

From: 4truthinvishwanirmaladharm@gmail.com

4th December 2010

To: Sir Chandrika Prasad Srivastava, Mrs. Kalpana Srivastava & Mrs. Sadhana Varma
Via Berghini, No. 65
16132 Genova
Italy

And, Doctors: Dr. Brian Wells, Dr. David Spiro, Dr. Deepak Chugh, Dr. Zafar Rashid,
Dr. Bohdan Shehovych, Dr. Ramesh Manocha, Dr. Bernadette Bonnefoi,
Dr. Luminita Fratila, Dr. Ashish Pradhan, Dr. Engelbert Oman
International Sahaja Yoga Research & Health Centre (via email)

And, retired and present WC leaders, National Council members & managers:
Alex Henshaw , Alan Wherry, Gregoire de Kalbermatten, Wolfgang Hackl, Paul Ellis,
Arneau de Kalbermatten, Majid & Pragnya Golpour, Eduardo Marino, Roger Akgibe,
Nese Algan, Aldo Gandolfi, Rajiv Kumar, Ivan Tan, David Dunphy, Philipp Zeiss,
Gagan Ahluwalia, Dinesh Rai, Sanjay Mane, Sandeep Gadkary, Sandeep Rai
Robert Hunter, Duilio Cartocci, Alan Pereira, Chris Kyriacou (via email)

Dear Sir C.P., Kalpana Didi and Sadhana Didi,

We, the dedicated followers (Sahaja Yogis) of Mrs. Nirmala Srivastava, affectionately addressed as Shri Mataji Nirmala Devi, the founder of Sahaja Yoga also known as Vishwa Nirmala Dharma, wish to draw to your attention a very grave situation that we have become aware of, not only after watching the physical appearance of Shri Mataji during the live broadcast of Navaratri Puja in Cabella, Italy on 17/10/2010, but at numerous occasions before.

In spite of the multitude of protests from Her followers, the Sahaja Yogis, over these many years nothing has changed.
It is very obvious to the whole Sahaj world that Shri Mataji shows all the signs of extreme side effects from the continued medicating of the anti-psychotic drug, Risperidone, administered to Her against Her explicit wishes over the past 7 years!

It is inconceivable how a healthy and robust person could have deteriorated to one who looks like a stroke patient over these last 7 years, especially when we, the Sahaja Yogis, know Her calibre.

Hence, we have decided to obtain legal advice from a number of law firms in USA, Canada, UK, Italy, Austria, Germany and Australia.

We have shown them evidences to see if we have a case to take legal action against you and all the above named doctors and leaders who have colluded in this action of gross injustice, causing Shri Mataji to become so incapacitated.

The evidences we presented to the lawyers are:

- Shri Mataji's letter written in 1998 specifically stating that She should not be administered any drugs in any form by any members of Her family, including Her husband, and by any doctors who practice Sahaja Yoga.
- Independent protest letter from a doctor written in July 2006
- Letter of justification of administering Risperidone by Her husband, Sir C.P. Srivastava, dated 01/07/05
- Footages of DVD: Vishwa Nirmal Prem Inauguration, Noida, India 27/03/03 and Birthday celebrations in 2003 as proof of Her healthy condition and of a sound mind. After these events the family started to drug Her before She and the family went to Italy in May of that year.
- Footages of DVD: Shri Adi Shakti Puja, Cabella, 2003 to show Her sudden deterioration.
- Footages of DVDs: Diwali Talk, India, 2007 and Guru Puja, Cabella, 2008 to prove that Shri Mataji is completely psychologically intact who can hold public speeches and the extreme deterioration of Her physical condition.
- The continuation of drugging is unjustifiable and illegal. There are witnesses from expelled, dedicated and loyal Sahaja Yogis who looked after Shri Mataji in the initial 3 - 4 years of Her being drugged.

You are categorically acting against Her will without Her consent, therefore you are acting illegally.

We would like to highlight some legal matters to stress that no one is above the law.

- Family members involved in decision-making process construed as misuse of power and breach of trust.
- No medical treatment can be carried out, whatever the type of treatment, from a simple test to an organ donation, without the principle consent of a responsible and competent person such as Shri Mataji, and without violating the patient's autonomy. Anything else is considered unethical and illegal in many countries.
- Consent can only be said to have been given if it is both *voluntary and informed*.
Voluntary: The decision to consent or not to consent to any treatments must come from the patient and not the results of coercion by medical staff, friends, or family.
Informed: The patient must be given full information about what the treatment involves, the benefits and risks, whether there are any other alternative treatments, and what will happen if treatment does not go ahead.
- Even if the patient lacks capacity mentally or physically and had already expressed a clear instruction for not to be treated, the doctor cannot override this, whatever the consequences.

If the patient has sufficient capacity as in the case of Shri Mataji, makes a voluntary and informed decision to refuse a particular treatment such as anti-psychotic drug either orally or intravenously, the patient's decision must be respected.

This is still the case if the patient's decision would result in his or her death.

- Prolonged treatment of any medication is illegal without the consent of the patient.
- Consent or no consent can be given either in writing with signature, verbally, or non-verbally; for example: patient can raise hand of protest to signal that he or she does not wish to have blood sample taken. Shri Mataji has acted in all 3 ways.
- A person with certain health conditions may have periods when they are capable, and periods when they are incapable.
This person can make a 'living will' or 'advanced directive' stating how one would like to be treated or not treated, in case of future incapacity.

Shri Mataji has not been given this choice by the family despite of Her very own 'advanced directive' letter written in 1998.

It has being declared by several of the addressees in public that the letter is falsified.

- Doctors, healthcare professionals, nurses as in the case of Kim Pearce, who are now looking after Shri Mataji should not withhold any information, i.e. the side effects of drugs.
They have a moral and legal responsibility to provide the patient with a basic overview of its likely outcomes, and other treatment options.
- Either covert or surreptitious administration is unethical and can be seen as a breach of trust by the doctor or by family members who administer the drugs to the patient.
- The practice of covert drug administration is by putting medication in food & beverages.
This is considered inappropriate and illegal even if the person were judged incompetent. Whereas the practice of surreptitious administration by using force and trickery to administer injections to non compliant patients is illegal and highly unethical.

To remind you again, administering drugs without patient consent oversteps all legal boundaries. You are violating the norms of patient autonomy, of patient rights, of patient wishes and of patient dignity.

Lastly: you, your daughters, the doctors, the leaders and all those who are totally aware of the drugging of Shri Mataji either earlier or later by repeatedly forcing Her to appear and to be 'displayed' for spiritual events or pujas within Her own home and in public arenas in Italy, Russia, Austria, France, India, U.S.A., Australia and UK over the past 7 years whilst under the duress and influence of an anti-psychotic drug without Her consent is contravening Human Rights Law. This kind of treatment would be regarded as inhumane, cruel and torturous. It is a criminal offence. Everyone concerned is liable to be investigated, prosecuted and punished under the International Human Rights Law.

There is another aspect to this case, even if She was not drugged, you are still violating the basic human rights by repeatedly forcing Shri Mataji at the age of 87 to appear in public, when She specifically expressed at several occasions publicly, as i.e. in 2008, Her wish to retire.

In your letter, Sir C.P., you stated that the justification for administering "Risperidone" was because of diabetes, high blood pressure, high sodium level and hallucination afflicting Shri Mataji.

Risperidone is an anti-psychotic and seems a very unlikely drug to be used to correct diabetes, high blood pressure or high sodium levels.

Up to spring 2003, Shri Mataji did not have any of these illnesses and they seem to have occurred only after you authorised doctors to prescribe this anti-psychotic drug.

It is widely known in the medical profession around the world and the public at large that the side effects of anti-psychotic drugs such as Risperidone or Risperdal are lethal and dangerous, causing diseases such as diabetes, heart attack, stroke, blood pressure problems, tardive dyskinesia.

Other serious side effects from the toxicity of the drug are delirium or hallucination, coma, muscle tremors, blood clots, anxiety attacks and a host of other physical malfunctions and health problems. The worst of all, many elderly patients from age 60 onwards have died from being administered this lethal drug.

We request you to

1. Stop prescribing to Her this anti-psychotic drug or any other drugs immediately.
2. We would like an independent body of Sahaja Yogis, nominated by us, to visit Shri Mataji, as soon as possible, to ascertain
 - a) Her health and directions as to Her wishes now of what is the best way to go forward without endangering Her life any further.
 - b) Independent doctors, nominated by us, to examine Her and to develop a regime for rehabilitation - in according with the wishes of Shri Mataji.
3. We would request you to respect Her wish to retire from Sahaja Yoga public duties and to be looked after by whomsoever She wishes.
4. We would like to be present as independent witnesses when Shri Mataji makes this decision.

If you do not feel able to comply with these wishes which are actually Shri Mataji wishes and if we do not get a response from you within 21 days from receiving this letter, we will have no option but to take legal action against you.

We will also take up this case with the International Human Rights Law.

The advice we received from the lawyers is that, if you decided to respond by resorting to the use of intimidating tactics as you have done repeatedly in the past 7 years against individual Sahaja yogi or small group of Sahaja yogis such as

1. Spreading false rumours or accusations of an individual Sahaja yogi or a group of Sahaja yogis. Defaming, either verbally (slander) or in written statement (libel), the character of an individual or a group of persons to undermine or damage someone's reputation is a criminal offence. Lawsuits against false defamers are highly successful.
2. Inciting sectarianism by means of the use of any speech, written statement or action that divides people, that is likely to spark conflicts of interest among people and depriving a person or group of persons of their rights to practice or perform spiritual events such as pujas, liable to be prosecuted under the Law of Prevention, Suppression & Punishment of the Crimes of Discrimination and Sectarianism.

We do not wish to take this legal route for we would prefer if you cooperate with our demands. If it has to be, we have gathered enough, for the past 5 years, numerous evidences of defamatory spoken statements or reports and written statements coming from you which you are liable to be prosecuted not only under the Common Law and International Law jurisdictions, but also European Convention on Human Rights and we will have to report you to Amnesty International & to the media worldwide.

Yours sincerely,

**Devoted Vishwa Nirmala Dharmis,
Followers of Shri Mataji Nirmala Devi**

(The first forum of its kind to work to establish Truth and Honesty within Vishwa Nirmala Dharma.)

Encl:

- Two Risperdal Lawsuit cases
- A warning letter of the side effects of Risperdal (Risperidone) from Janssen Pharmaceutica Inc. to Healthcare Providers & Doctors
- A list of gruelling & punishing public appearances subjected on Mrs Nirmala Srivastava (Shri Mataji Nirmala Devi) from 2007-2010.

STEIGWALT & ASSOCIATES

Risperdal Attorney & Defective Drug Lawsuits

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Risperdal

Risperdal, manufactured by Johnson & Johnson, is an atypical antipsychotic used to treat schizophrenia, and has been linked to a number of serious and potentially life-threatening side effects. Schizophrenia is a tragic and debilitating mental disease that results from the imbalance of two vital brain chemicals called Serotonin and Dopamine. The lack of these chemicals causes hallucinations and muscle disorders.

The most dangerous and likely side effect of Risperdal use causes patients to develop diabetes, often without noticeable symptoms. Recent studies show that Risperdal is almost 50% more likely to cause diabetes than other antipsychotic drugs. Unchecked diabetes can lead to fatal coma and even death in short time.

Although designed to reduce the occurrence of serious side effects common to many older antipsychotic drugs, Risperdal still causes a number of serious health concerns. Some of the more common side effects include:

- nausea
- anxiety
- dizziness
- insomnia
- low blood pressure
- muscle stiffness
- muscle pain
- sedation
- tremors
- weight gain (sometimes up to 50 pounds)
- sexual dysfunction
- lactation in both genders

Some more serious side effects include debilitating strokes and Neuroleptic Malignant Syndrome, a devastating condition that causes fever, cognitive problems, blood pressure irregularities, coma, delirium, and muscle tremors.

Other common side effects of Risperdal include Neuroleptic Malignant Syndrome (NMS), Tardive Dyskinesia, and stroke. NMS is a potentially fatal condition that can cause severe muscle rigidity and spikes in blood pressure and pulse. Tardive Dyskinesia affects the central nervous system and can cause spastic facial ticks and uncontrollable and purposeless movement of the limbs and body. Less severe side effects of Risperdal include muscle weakness, fever, weight gain, and headaches.

Stroke

Risperdal is known to have caused 37 strokes or stroke-related conditions that killed 16 people before April 17, 2003. Many of these patients were elderly, and their doctors prescribed a regimen of Risperdal to treat their senile dementia. Although the drug was not specifically intended to treat this condition, it is well known that many pharmaceutical companies encourage this non-approved "off label" use prescription drugs in order to boost sales and increase use.

Janssen Pharmaceutica sent out a warning letter to doctors on April 16, 2003 warning of the potential risks that Risperdal posed to elderly patients. Janssen Pharmaceutica was severely criticized for not taking action sooner, as it sent out a letter warning of similar risks to Canadian doctors in 2002.

Risperdal Heart Attack Information

Neuroleptic Malignant Syndrome (NMS) is a potentially life-threatening neurological disorder caused by antipsychotic medication and characterized by rigid muscles, high fever, and higher cognitive disability. Drugs like Risperdal can cause NMS due to a rare but acute adverse reaction occurring when the antipsychotic drug triggers an allergy in some patients.

Although allergic reaction is rare, those who begin to exhibit symptoms of NMS must get immediate medical treatment because the condition can accelerate rapidly. Without aggressive treatment, the victim of NMS can develop fatal complications, and death can occur anywhere between three and thirty days after the onset of symptoms.

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Blood Clots

Blood clots are one of the most dangerous cardiovascular conditions that can happen to a victim. Although a natural bodily process, when blood clots occur inside blood vessels they can be immediately life threatening. Blood clots can prevent blood from traveling through the circulatory system, or can travel through the circulatory system to the heart and other parts of the body. Most blood clots originate in the legs, but they can occur virtually anywhere.

Due to the propensity for older patients to develop serious cardiovascular problems during Risperdal treatment, Janssen Pharmaceutica released a letter to American doctors warning that the drug may have caused 37 strokes or stroke-related conditions that killed 16 people. Risperdal can sometimes cause blood clots to form in the vascular systems of some patients, which if left untreated can cause stroke or even death if it prevents blood from reaching the brain.

Diabetes

One of the properties of Risperdal is that the medication can interfere with the way the body processes blood sugar. The drug can cause insulin resistance, which means that the body cannot draw sugar out of the bloodstream and process it into energy. Unprocessed blood sugar will eventually build up to the point where the body begins to shut down, unable to get energy from food and potentially suffering blindness, coma, and death due to toxic levels of glucose in the blood.

Many people who suffered diabetic side effects of Risperdal were unaware of the potential dangers until it was too late. Many of the symptoms of elevated blood sugar are similar to the flu, so it was frequently misdiagnosed as something less dangerous, particularly in people with no history of diabetes or other blood sugar-related health conditions.

Tardive Dyskinesia

Tardive Dyskinesia is a condition caused by some medications designed to treat delusional psychoses such as schizophrenia. It is characterized by uncontrollable and pointless movements such as lip smacking, grimacing, and spasms in the muscles of the arms and legs. It is incurable, and sadly many years must pass before symptoms of the disorder begin to appear.

Risperdal was developed in order to provide the same psychological stability without causing devastating coordination and movement issues. Unfortunately Risperdal does still cause Tardive Dyskinesia, and some victims of this terrible misfortune have secured multimillion dollar settlements in order to compensate for the irresponsibility of drug makers and doctors who care more about their profits than their patients.

More and more people are victimized by the life-threatening effects of Risperdal every month. If you or someone you know is one of these unfortunate people, you need to take immediate action. You could be entitled to financial compensation for your pain and suffering, but if you wait too long the statute of limitation laws in your state could restrict the amount of time you have to collect your restitution. Contact a dedicated, experienced, and knowledgeable Risperdal attorney today.

Zyprexa Lawsuit, Risperdal Lawsuit; Seroquel Lawsuit;

InternetDrugNews.com

Explanation of the issues (and sequence of events) surrounding the lawsuits that claim that the use of Zyprexa, Seroquel, and Risperdal caused health problems such as pancreatitis and diabetes and stroke.

Atypical Anti-Psychotic Drug Lawsuits

Zyprexa (*Olanzapine*®) Lawsuit

Zyprexa, like Risperdal and Seroquel, has been associated with serious side effects in patients, especially those who have already been diagnosed with diabetes.

Knowledge of the potential dangers of Zyprexa were discovered as a result of a series of findings beginning in 2001 when the FDA was alerted to 19 case reports of diabetes associated with the drug.

One of these cases resulted in a patient's death due to necrotizing pancreatitis, a very serious condition in which cells in the pancreas die.

An emergency report issued by the Japanese Health and Welfare Ministry in April of 2002 concerning the side effects of Zyprexa noted that there had been two deaths of patients who had diabetes prior to taking the anti-psychotic medication.

It also reported that there had been seven other patients who lost consciousness or slipped into comas after taking the drug.

In April of 2003, the Wall Street Journal ran a front page article on Zyprexa and the other Atypical Antipsychotics with respect to their connection to cases of Type 2 Diabetes (sometimes called "adult onset diabetes").

The authors of the Wall Street Journal article estimated that somewhere around 11 million people have taken Zyprexa. An eight-year study found that nearly 300 patients developed diabetes, 75 became seriously ill, and 23 died.

In addition to the Wall Street Journal article, five lawsuits were filed against Eli Lilly and Co. accusing the company of failing to warn Zyprexa patients of the risk that Zyprexa caused the patients' diabetes.

The plaintiffs are seeking damages of up to \$35 million. In order to confront the charges, Lilly sponsored two patient trials and opened its files of Zyprexa patients to an outside researcher to study the issue.

The lawsuits claim that Lilly knew that the product was dangerous and unsafe and that it never took the necessary steps to provide this critical information to medical professionals or patients.

Finally, in May of 2003 forty reports of hyperglycemia (elevated blood sugar), diabetes mellitus, or exacerbation of diabetes were received in the UK including one which proved to be fatal.

In March of 2004, Eli Lilly (the company that markets Zyprexa in the United States) sent a so call "[Dear Doctor Letter](#)" to thousands of physicians who were likely to use Zyprexa.

The letter indicated that Lilly was adding a warning statement to the Zyprexa label regarding the increased risk of hyperglycemia and diabetes in people taking Zyprexa and similar medicines. [[Click Here](#) to read the actual warning letter]

Risperdal (*Risperidone*) Lawsuit

Risperdal, which is manufactured by Janssen Pharmaceuticals, a division of Johnson & Johnson, is another member of the family of drugs known as Atypical Antipsychotics.

Risperdal has been linked to diabetes and, more specifically, Type 2 diabetes. (Type 2 diabetes is sometimes called adult-onset diabetes. Type 2 diabetes is associated with an increased risk of heart disease and stroke)

Other serious side effects, however, include Neuroleptic Malignant Syndrome (NMS), Tardive Dyskinesia, stroke or stroke-like events, and even death. (NMS is a potentially fatal syndrome involving muscle rigidity, and irregular blood pressure and pulse).

Tardive Dyskinesia is a central nervous system disorder, which results in involuntary movement of the limbs and twitching of the face and tongue.)

Although it is primarily used for treating schizophrenia, Risperdal is also used to control other behavioral disorders in elderly patients (such as nursing home patients) who have delusions, aggression, and anxiety as is often seen in patients with Alzheimer's disease and/or dementia.

Risperdal has also been under scrutiny for causing severe side effects and adverse reactions mentioned above.

Although Risperdal was approved by the FDA in 1994, it took some time before the dangerous side effects were completely identified though a series of studies.

On April 11th of 2003 Johnson & Johnson sent "[Dear Doctor](#)" letters to thousands of physicians in the United States advising them of the possible risk of stroke among elderly patients taking Risperdal.

The letter indicated that Johnson and Johnson had modified the Risperdal label so that practitioners were aware that:

... " there was a significantly higher incidence of cerebrovascular adverse events in patients treated with risperidone compared to patients treated with placebo. RISPERDAL has not been shown to be safe or effective in the treatment of patients with dementia-related psychosis " [[Click Here](#) to read the actual Risperdal "Dear Practitioner letter"].

This came after Johnson & Johnson had received 37 reports of stroke or related events like blood clots or hemorrhages, including 16 deaths.

As a result of these findings, Johnson & Johnson updated the warning label on Risperdal to include more specific information about strokes in the elderly. At this time it became apparent that Risperdal should not be used to treat dementia because there is no evidence that it is safe or effective in that capacity.

Risperdal has also been known to cause irregular headaches, muscle weakness and spasms, high fever, constipation, weight gain, and headaches.

People on Risperdal who have any or all of these side effects should contact their doctor and discuss these problems with their doctor because these conditions may be warning signs of serious illness.

CONCLUSION

Seroquel, Risperdal, and Zyprexa (as well as other atypical antipsychotics such as Clozapine or Clozaril) are drugs with the potential to cause dangerous side effects which should not be overlooked and should be taken very seriously.

The issue of these risks has become more pressing as the drugs are now being prescribed for adults with milder medical conditions and children who may better off taking different drugs that are not associated with side effects such as pancreatitis, stroke and Type 2 diabetes.

As with any drug, the critical consideration is whether the benefits of taking these drugs outweigh the potentially dangerous side effects, the rate of adverse incidents reported, and the cost of the drugs themselves.

The option of prescribing older, less risky conventional antipsychotic drugs is also a consideration.

Another factor which must be taken into account is the strong connection between diabetes and schizophrenia which has been noted and studied by scientists since the 1920s.

Patients with schizophrenia and other forms of mental illnesses develop diabetes at a rate up to four times higher than the general population, whether they are on anti-psychotics or not.

This is due to the fact that people with schizophrenia often display many of the risk factors associated with diabetes such as a sedentary lifestyle, a lack of good medical care, a poor diet, and a high rate of obesity.

The research surrounding Seroquel, Risperdal, and Zyprexa is still developing.

It is the opinion of many physicians that although people with schizophrenia and other serious mental illnesses are already at a greater risk of developing diabetes.

However, if a patient did not have diabetes before being prescribed an atypical antipsychotic such as Zyprexa, Risperdal, Seroquel, and developed symptoms shortly after beginning a regimen on any of the above medications, then it is possible that the drug may be responsible for their deteriorating physical health.

About the author: [Jerold S. Parker Esq](#) limits his practice to cases regarding drug and medical device liability. He has most recently been appointed to the Plaintiff's Steering Committee in the Zyprexa Products Liability Litigation (MDL # 1596). He makes frequent appearances on television shows such as *Court TV* and *Good Day New York*.

See Also: [YourLawyer.com](#); extensive database of data and case-law regarding drug liability actions including Crestor, Zyprexa, Accutane, Prem Pro, etc.

Risperdal (risperidone) Dear Healthcare Professional Letter Apr 2003

This is the text of a letter from Janssen Pharmaceutica Inc. Contact the company for a copy of any referenced enclosures.

JANSSEN PHARMACEUTICA INC.

IMPORTANT DRUG INFORMATION

16-April-2003

Dear Healthcare Provider,

Janssen Pharmaceutica Products, L.P., would like to inform you of important changes regarding RISPERDAL (risperidone). The RISPERDAL prescribing information has been updated with the addition of the following information:

WARNINGS

Cerebrovascular Adverse Events, Including Stroke, in Elderly Patients with Dementia

Cerebrovascular adverse events (e.g., stroke, transient ischemic attack), including fatalities, were reported in patients (mean age 85 years; range 73-97) in trials of risperidone in elderly patients with dementia-related psychosis. In placebo-controlled trials, there was a significantly higher incidence of cerebrovascular adverse events in patients treated with risperidone compared to patients treated with placebo. RISPERDAL has not been shown to be safe or effective in the treatment of patients with dementia-related psychosis.

This update is based on data from 4 placebo-controlled trials conducted in elderly patients with dementia (N=1230). Additional information on these and other clinical trials conducted in elderly patients can be obtained by calling 1-800-JANSSEN (800-526-7736). We remind you that, like all other antipsychotics, RISPERDAL is not indicated for the treatment of dementia.

Janssen Pharmaceutica Products, L.P., remains committed to providing you with the most current product information available for the management of your patients. Please refer to the enclosed package insert for full prescribing information. As always, we request that serious adverse events be reported to Janssen at 1-800-JANSSEN (526-7736) or to the FDA MedWatch program by phone 1-800-FDA-1088, by fax (1-800-FDA-0178), or by email (www.fda.gov/medwatch). For additional medical information about RISPERDAL or any other Janssen product, please call 1-800-JANSSEN (526-7736) from 9AM to 5PM EST, Monday through Friday.

Sincerely,

Christine Cote, MD
Vice President, Medical Affairs

1125 TRENTON-HARBOURTON ROAD, POST OFFICE BOX 200
TITUSVILLE, NEW JERSEY 08560-0200
(609) 730-2000
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A RECENT LIST OF GRUELLING & PUNISHING PUBLIC APPEARANCE SCHEDULES SUBJECTED ON MRS. NIRMALA SHRIVASTAVA FROM 2007-2010

SCHEDULES FOR SHRI MATAJI IN 2009-2010

2nd November - Shri Mataji visits Rome on way to India

1st November - Diwali Puja, monday evening

31st October - Diwali Puja, sunday Puja

30th October - Diwali Puja, saturday evening

18th October - Navaratri Puja, monday evening concert

17th October - Navaratri Puja, sunday Puja

16th October - Navaratri Puja, saturday evening

15th October - Navaratri Puja, friday evening

8th October - The Nine nights of the Devi

5th September - Shri Ganesha Puja, sunday Puja

4th September - Shri Ganesha Puja, saturday evening, sahaj marriages

3rd September - Shri Ganesha Puja, friday evening

1st September - Shri Krishna Janmashtami

29th August - Shri Krishna Puja, sunday Puja

28th August - Shri Krishna Puja, saturday evening

27th August - Shri Krishna Puja, friday evening

15th August - Yogis celebrate Indian Independence Day with Shri Mataji

1st August - Swiss Day

30th July - Daglio Camp 2010

26th July - Guru Puja, monday evening Guru Purnima

25th July - Guru Puja, sunday Puja

24th July - Guru Puja, saturday evening

23rd July - Guru Puja, friday evening

4th July - American Independence Day

27th June - Shri Adi Shakti Puja, sunday Puja

26th June - Shri Adi Shakti Puja, saturday evening

25th June - Shri Adi Shakti Puja, friday evening

12th June - Shri Mataji bless the Centrassi School Childrens

2nd June - Shri Mataji receives yogis on Italian Republic Day

27th May - Shri Mataji blesses us on Buddha Purnima

9th May - Sahasrara Puja 2010

9th May - Celebrating Mother's day, the Yuva Shakti sing bhajans for Shri Mataji

5th May - Shri Mataji blesses us on the 40th year of the Opening of the Sahasrara

30th April - Realize America Tour, World Youth Congress, Realize Turkey Tour, and U.S. Sahaja Meditation Growth Team Materials Presentations to Shri Mataji

4th April - Easter puja in Genova

21st March - Birthday Puja

16th March - Shalivahan New Year

14th March - Shivaratri Puja

7th March - Celebrating World Women's Day with Shri Mataji

28th February - Celebrating Holi with Shri Mataji

21st February - Shri Mataji & Sir CP engagement's 63rd anniversary

12th February - Shri Mataji blesses us on Maha Shivratri Day

28th January - Note: For personal requests for photos

26th January - Shri Mataji blesses us on the Indian Republic Day

17th January - Celebrating Makar Sankranthi

14th January - Shri Mataji blesses us on Makar Sankranthi

31st December - New Year's Eve celebration

28th December - Marriage ceremony in Rome

26th December - Christmas Puja 2009

21st December - Christmas In Genova

1st December - Shri Mataji blesses us on Shri Dattatreya Jayanti

2nd November - Guru Nanak's Birthday celebrated in Italy in Mother's presence

31st October - Shri Mataji receives the Italian SY Council

17th October - Diwali Puja celebrations

20th September - The Nine nights of the Devi

28th August - Daglio Camp '09

23rd August - Ganesha Puja

21st August - Shri Mataji with the Yuva Shakti

16th August - Krishna Puja

14th August - Friday - Krishna Puja

13th August - Mothers amazing visit to Austria

5th August - European realisation tour

7th July - Guru Purnima

5th July - Guru Puja

7th June - Adi Shakti Puja

2nd June - Shri Mataji blesses the Italians on their Republic Day

17th May - A blissful morning with Shri Mataji

13th May - More love and attention for the Children of Centrassi

10th May - Mother's Day celebrations in the Holy presence of Shri Mataji

9th May - Buddha Purnima Puja in the presence of Shri Mataji

5th May - Puja to the Devi on the anniversary of the opening of the Sahasrara

3rd May - Sahasrara Puja 2009

2nd May - Sahasrara Puja - Saturday entertainment program

1st May - Sahasrara Puja - Friday entertainment program

26th April - Shri Mataji blesses us on Akshaya Tritiya

26th April - Shri Mataji gifts a new friend to the Children at Centrassi

18th April - 2009 Sakaar Puja dates blessed by Shri Mataji

15th April - A memorable evening for the Children from Centrassi

14th April - Shri Mataji blesses the renovators of Palazzo Doria

13th April - Concert in the presence of Shri Mataji

13th April - Easter puja in Cabella

13th April - Welcome home Grande Madre

SCHEDULES IN 2008

16th October - Farewell Shri Mataji, for this year

12th October - Grazie Oh Grande Madre

9th October - Nine Nights of the Goddess

5th October - Navaratri Puja

1st October - 2nd Night of Navratri

11th September - Visit to Genoa, 11-9-2008

7th September - Ganesha Puja

6th September - Ganesha Puja - Marriages

5th September - Friday evening

26th August - Picnic at Daglio

24th August - Krishna Puja

23rd August - Krishna Puja - Saturday Evening

22nd August - Krishna Puja - Friday Evening

16th August - Raksha Bandhan & Weddings announcement

5th August - Guru Puja Video available

2nd August - Shri Mataji Inaugurates the Cabella Sahaja Primary School in Centrassi

28th July - Nirmal Sangeet Sarita at Palazzo Doria

19th July - Guru Puja 2008

11th July - Shri Mataji blesses marriages in Russia

8th June - Adi Shakti Puja 2008

7th June - Adi Shakti Puja - Evening Program 2008

25th May - French Mother's Day in Paradise

20th May - Buddha Purnima

17th May - Will power and the menace called Alcohol

13th May - Shri Mataji goes shopping

11th May - Mother's day

5th May - Mother receives presents on Sahasrara Day

4th May - Sahasrara Puja 2008

3rd May - Saturday Evening Program

21st April - Home sweet home

20th April - Cabella on the eve of Shri Mataji's arrival

SCHEDULES for 2007 - 2008

17th April - Shri Mataji leaves Pratishtan Pune – 17 April 2008

13th April - Shri Ram Navami

7th April - City of Pune honors Shri Mataji & Sir C.P

6th April - Gudi Padwa Puja at Pratishtan Pune.

24th March - Flight Pune Nagpur 17 & 24 Mar 2008

23rd March - “You have to forgive” - Easter Puja Talk

20th March - Felicitation Program

18th March - Visit to Shrine- The Birth Place

18th March - Arrival at Puja Venue

9th March - Mahashivratri Puja

6th March - Mahashivaratri Puja at Pratishtan

1st March - Sadhana didi's belated birthday celebration

10th February - Shri Ganesh Birthday- Shri Mataji's speech

30th January - Shopping trip - 30th of Jan 08

26th January - Republic Day Celebrations

18th January - Shri Mataji's shopping trip

17th January - Sakshat Sankranti Puja in Pratishtan

7th January - Shri Mataji in Pratishtan Kitchen

1st January - New Year Celebration

25th December - Christmas Puja

23rd December - Shri Mataji arrives in Pune

23rd December - Sahaja Health Centre visit

23rd December - Departure from Mumbai

22nd December - Kalpana didi's birthday

20th December - Shri Mataji Arrives in Mumbai

22nd November - Shri Mataji visits Nirmal Prem ashram- NGO at Greater Noida, India

17th November - Book release - Urdu version of "Lal Bahadur Shastri – A Life of Truth in Politics" by Sir. C.P

11th November - Diwali Puja

10th November - Musical Night with Shri Mataji - Diwali Puja

9th November - Musical Evening - Diwali Puja

7th November - Dhanteras Puja

26th October - Arrival of Shri Mataji in India - New Delhi on 26th October 2007